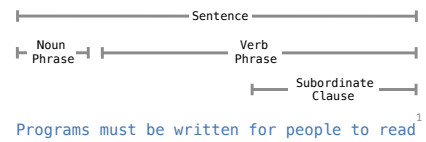


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Announcements

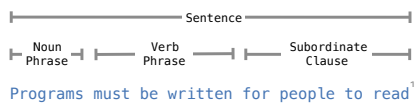
Ambiguity

Syntactic Ambiguity in English



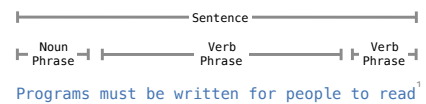
¹Preface of *Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs*
by Harold Abelson and Gerald Sussman with Julie Sussman

Syntactic Ambiguity in English



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Syntactic Ambiguity in English



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Syntactic Ambiguity in English

pro•gram (noun)
a series of coded software instructions

pro•gram (verb)
provide a computer with coded instructions

Programs must be written for people to read

must (verb)
be obliged to

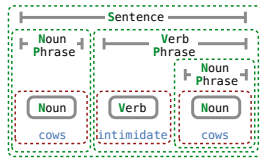
must (noun)
dampness or mold

Syntax Trees

Representing Syntactic Structure



Photo by Vikas D'Silva, Licensed under <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/>.



A **Tree** represents a phrase:

- tag -- What kind of phrase (e.g., S, NP, VP)
- branches -- Sequence of **Tree** or **Leaf** components

A **Leaf** represents a single word:

- tag -- What kind of word (e.g., N, V)
- word -- The word

```

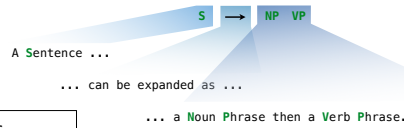
cows = Leaf('N', 'cows')
intimidate = Leaf('V', 'intimidate')
S, NP, VP = 'S', 'NP', 'VP'
Tree(S, [Tree(NP, [cows]),
          Tree(VP, [intimidate,
                  Tree(NP, [cows])])])
    
```

(Demo)

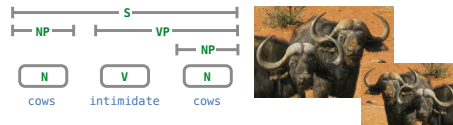
Grammars

Context-Free Grammar Rules

A grammar rule describes how a tag can be expanded as a sequence of tags or words



Grammar	
S	NP VP
NP	N
N	cows
VP	V NP
V	intimidate

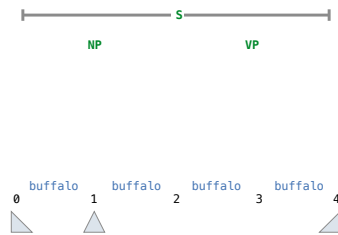


(Demo)

Parsing

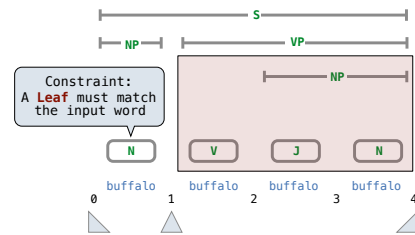
Exhaustive Parsing

Expand all tags recursively, but constrain words to match input



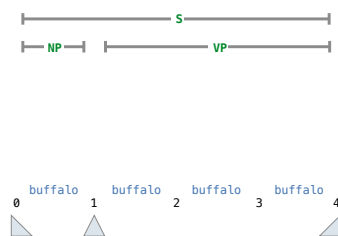
Exhaustive Parsing

Expand all tags recursively, but constrain words to match input



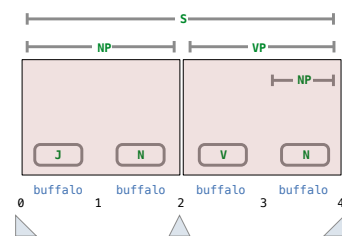
Exhaustive Parsing

Expand all tags recursively, but constrain words to match input



Exhaustive Parsing

Expand all tags recursively, but constrain words to match input



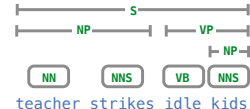
(Demo)

Learning

(Demo)

Scoring a Tree Using Relative Frequencies

Not all syntactic structures are equally common

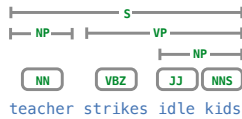


Rule frequency per 100,000 tags

S	→	NP	VP	25372	NN	→	teacher	5
NP	→	NN	NNS	1335	NNS	→	strikes	25
VP	→	VB	NP	6679	VB	→	idle	26
NP	→	NNS		4282	NNS	→	kids	32

Scoring a Tree Using Relative Frequencies

Not all syntactic structures are equally common



Rule frequency per 100,000 tags

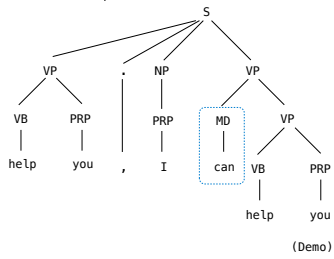
S	→	NP	VP	25372	NN	→	teacher	5
NP	→	NN		1335 4358	VBZ	→	strikes	25 19
VP	→	VBZ	NP	6679 3160	JJ	→	idle	26 18
NP	→	JJ	NNS	4282 2526	NNS	→	kids	32

(Demo)

Translation

Syntactic Reordering

English → Yoda-English



(Demo)

Help you, I can!
Yes! Mm!



When 900 years old you reach,
look as good, you will not. Hm.