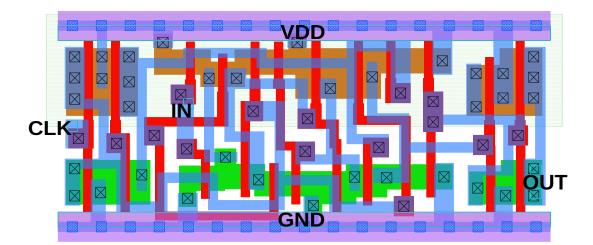
EECS 151/251A Homework 5

Due Monday, Feb 27, 2023

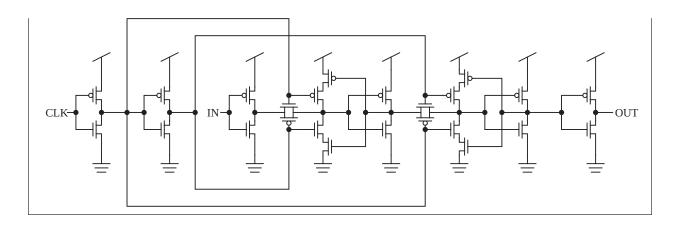
Problem 1: Standard Cell Layout Reverse Engineering

Write a transistor-level schematic of the following layout. What does it implement?



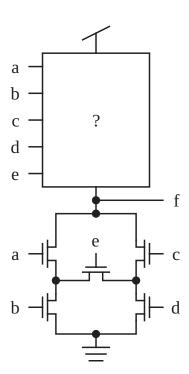
Solution:

Dlay flip-flop. Schematic:



Problem 2: CMOS

Complete the following CMOS schematic with inputs a, b, c, d, e and output f. Also, write a Boolean expression of the output f.

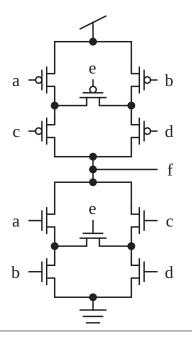


Solution:

Function:

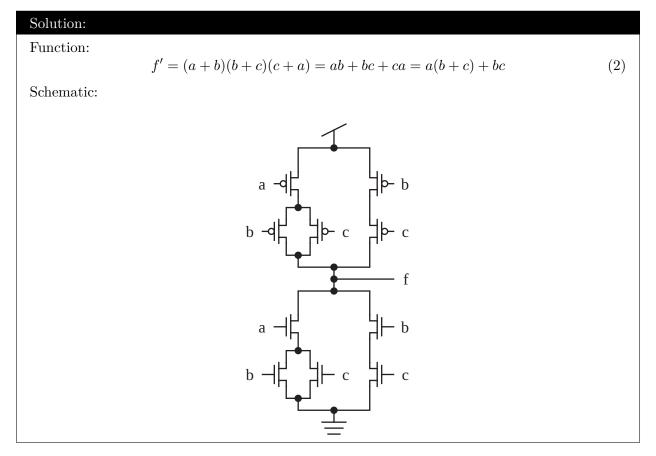
$$f = (ab + cd + aed + bce)' \tag{1}$$

Schematic:



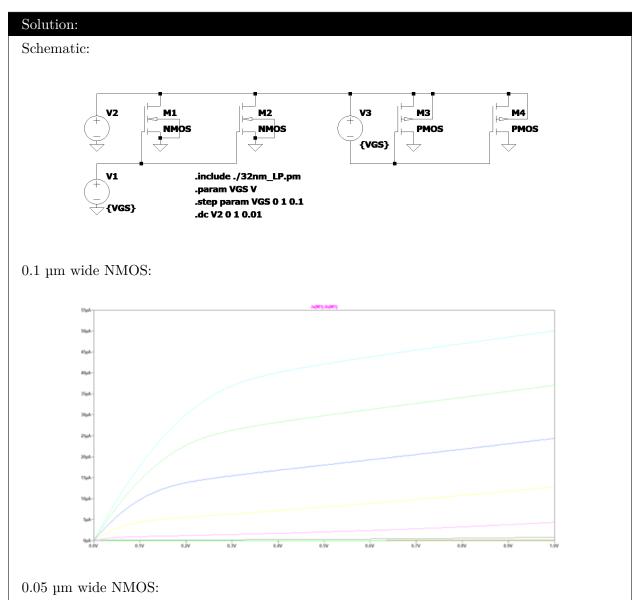
Problem 3: CMOS 2

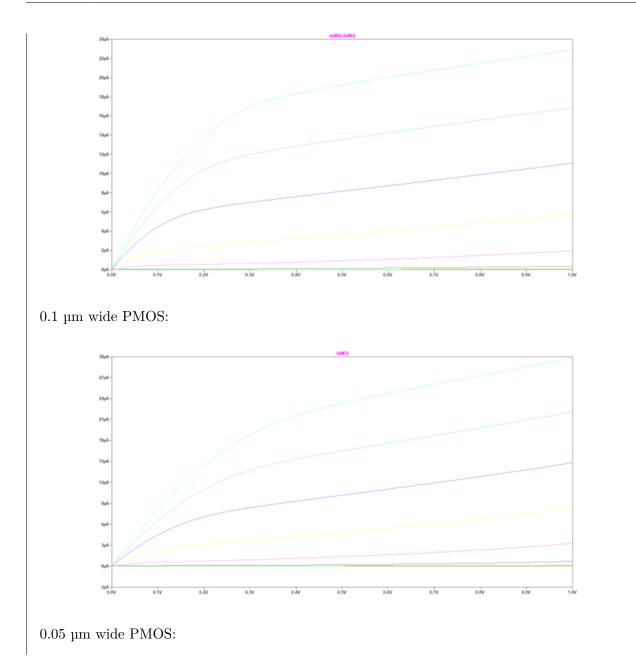
Write a CMOS schematic for f = a'b' + b'c' + c'a'.

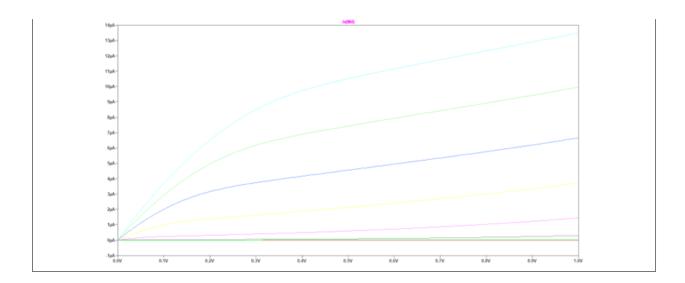


Problem 4: MOS Characteristics

Using **32**nm predictive LTSpice model at http://ptm.asu.edu/modelcard/LP/32nm_LP.pm (this is different from the one we used in HW1!), measure I_{DS} vs. V_{DS} for $V_{GS} = \{0V, 0.1V, \ldots, 1V\}$. Sweep V_{DS} from 0V to 1V. Create four plots for $\{0.1 \ \mu m \ wide \ NMOS, 0.05 \ \mu m \ wide \ NMOS\}$. Set the volatages to negative for PMOS. Also, attach the screenshot of your schematic.

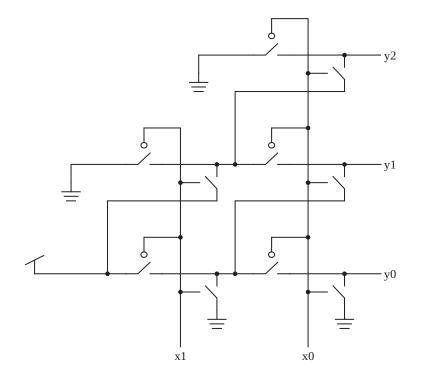






Problem 5: Switch Network

Write a truth table of the following switch network with inputs x_0, x_1 and outputs y_0, y_1, y_2 .



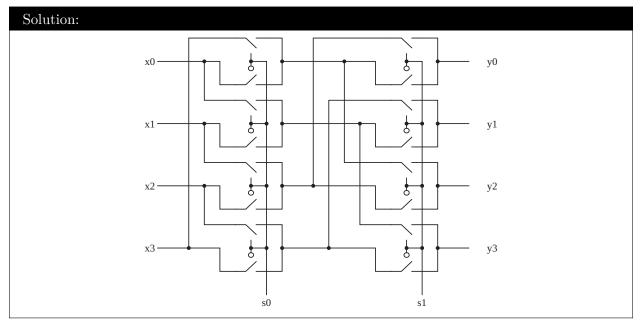
Here, switches are transmission gates as shown below.

$$a \xrightarrow{c} b = a \xrightarrow{c} b \qquad p \xrightarrow{r} q \qquad p \xrightarrow{r'} q$$

$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Solution:							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		x_1	x_0	y_2	y_1	y_0		
1 0 0 1 0		0	0	0	0	1		
		0	1	0	1	0		
1 1 1 0 0		1	0	0	1	0		
		1	1	1	0	0		

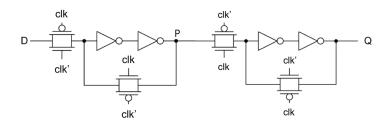
Problem 6: Circular Shifter

Write a schematic of 4-bit circular shifter using only 16 switches and wires (the specification of switches was given in the previous problem). The 4-bit circular shifter performs left circular shifts on a 4-bit input signal $\{x3, x2, x1, x0\}$ and outputs the result as $\{y3, y2, y1, y0\}$, where the shift amount is given as another 2-bit input signal $\{s1, s0\}$ in a binary number. For example, for input $\{x3, x2, x1, x0\} = 4'b1001$ and $\{s1, s0\} = 2'd3$, it outputs $\{y3, y2, y1, y0\} = 4'b1100$.



Problem 7: Delay Flip-Flop

Consider the following flip-flop.



Complete the following waveform for P and Q. Assume each inverter causes 0.5 time unit delay, while transumission gates cause no delay. Dashed lines are written per unit time.

