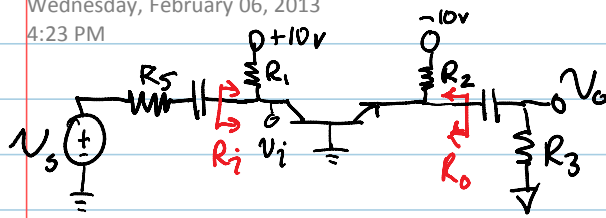


Discussion 2

Wednesday, February 06, 2013
4:23 PM



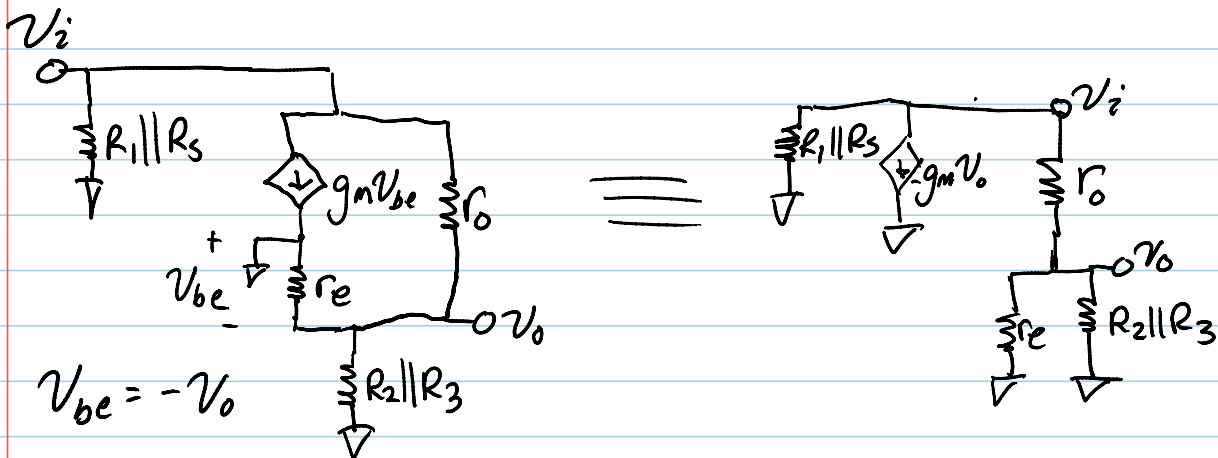
$$R_i = R_1 \parallel [r_o (1 + g_m (R_2 \parallel R_3))]$$

$$R_o = R_2 \parallel \frac{1}{g_m}$$

$$A_v = \frac{v_o}{v_s} = \frac{v_i}{v_s} \cdot \frac{v_o}{v_i}$$

Voltage divider
 $\frac{R_i}{R_i + R_s}$
 need this.
 Not on inspection
 Sheet, so use π/T model

SS ckt w/ T model



$$v_o = v_i \cdot \frac{r_e \parallel R_2 \parallel R_3}{r_e \parallel R_2 \parallel R_3 + r_o}$$

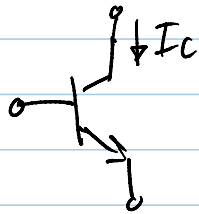
$$\frac{v_o}{v_i} = \frac{1}{r_o} \cdot \left[\frac{1}{g_m} \parallel R_2 \parallel R_3 \parallel r_o \right] \approx \frac{1}{r_o} \left[\frac{1}{g_m} \parallel R_2 \parallel R_3 \right]$$

$$A_v = \frac{v_o}{v_s} = \frac{R_i}{R_i + R_s} \cdot \frac{1}{r_o} \cdot \left[\frac{1}{g_m} \parallel R_2 \parallel R_3 \right]$$

$$\beta \approx 100$$

$$I_c \approx 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_A = 20 \text{ V} - 50 \text{ V}$$

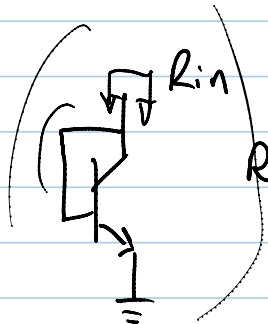


$$g_m = \frac{I_c}{V_T} = 0.04 \text{ S} \rightarrow \frac{1}{g_m} = r_e = 25 \Omega$$

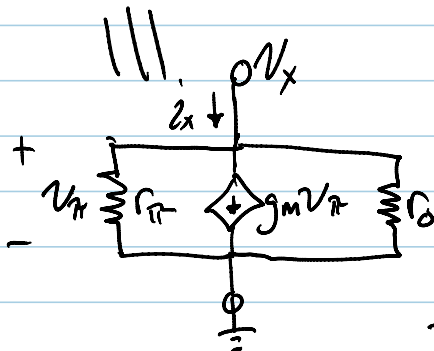
$$r_{\pi} = \beta / g_m = 2.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$r_o = V_A / I_c = 20 \text{ k}\Omega - 50 \text{ k}\Omega \quad \left[r_o \parallel r_{\pi} \parallel \frac{1}{g_m} \right] \approx r_e = \frac{1}{g_m}$$

\Rightarrow



$$R_{in} = \frac{1}{g_m} \quad R_{in} = \frac{1}{g_m} \parallel r_{\pi}$$

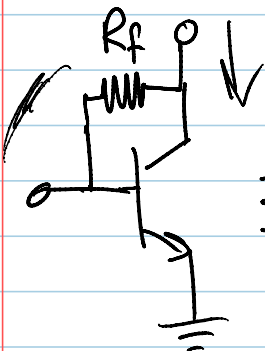


$$i_x = \frac{v_x}{r_{\pi}} + \frac{v_x}{r_o} + g_m v_x$$

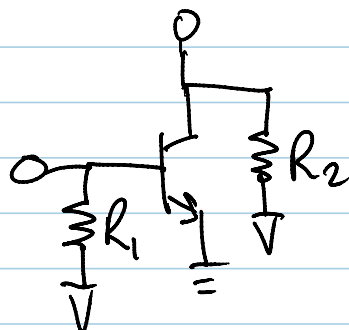
$$\frac{v_x}{i_x} = R_{in} = \left[\frac{1}{r_{\pi}} + \frac{1}{r_o} + g_m \right]^{-1}$$

$$v_{\pi} = v_x$$

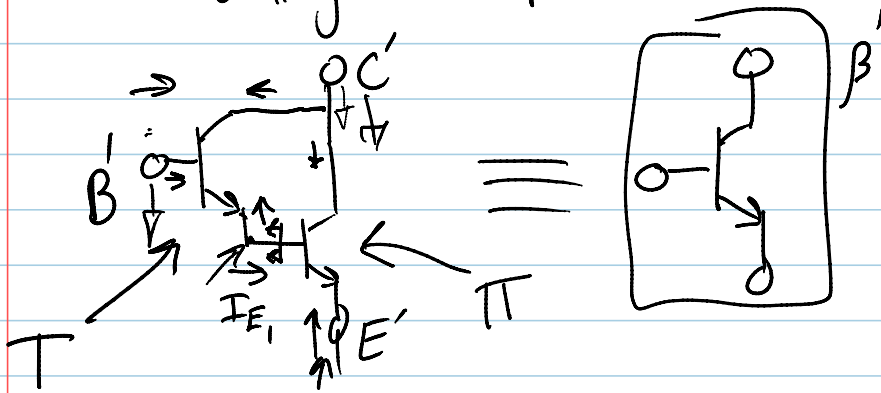
$$R_{in} = r_{\pi} \parallel r_o \parallel \frac{1}{g_m} \approx \frac{1}{g_m}$$



\equiv



Darlington Pair



$$I_{E1} = I_{B2} = I_{C2}/\beta_2$$

$$R'_b = r_{\pi 1} + (1 + \beta_1) r_{\pi 2}$$

$$R'_E = \frac{r_{\pi 2} + R_{E1}}{\beta_2 + 1} \approx \frac{1}{g_{m2}} + \frac{1/g_{m1}}{\beta_2 + 1}$$

$$R_{E1} = \frac{r_{\pi 1}}{\beta + 1} = r_{\pi 1} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m1}} \approx \frac{1}{g_{m1}}$$

$$\beta' = \frac{I_{C2} + I_{C1}}{I_{B1}} = \frac{\beta_1 I_{B1} + \beta_2 (1 + \beta_1) I_{B1}}{I_{B1}} = \beta_1 + \beta_2 (1 + \beta_1) \approx \beta_1 \beta_2$$

$$I_{C2} = \beta \cdot I_{B2}$$

$$I_{E1} = (1 + \beta_1) I_{B1}$$

