HW #7 Due Nov. 29 (Thursday) in class

1. A GaAs quantum well laser has the following parameters:

Gain:
$$g(N, S) = \frac{g_0}{1 + \varepsilon S} \ln \left(\frac{N}{N_{tr}} \right)$$
, where $g_0 = 2400 cm^{-1}$

Transparency carrier concentration: $N_{tr} = 10^{18} cm^{-3}$

Gain compression coefficient: $\varepsilon = 10^{-17} cm^3$

Effective refractive index: $n_{eff} = 3$

Carrier recombination lifetime: $\tau = 1ns$

Cavity length: $L = 200 \mu m$

Laser width: $w = 1 \mu m$

Quantum well width: $L_z = 10nm$

Confinement factor: $\Gamma = 3\%$

Spontaneous emission factor: $\beta = 10^{-4}$

Intrinsic optical loss: $\alpha_i = 10cm^{-1}$

Internal quantum efficiency: $\eta_i = 90\%$

- a. Find the threshold gain, threshold current, and the slope efficiency (in W/A) of the laser.
- b. If the laser is biased to have a total output power of 10 mW from both facets, what is the carrier concentration at this bias point? (Hint: assume the carrier concentration is clamped at threshold value).
- c. For the remaining problems, assume an output power of 10 mW unless stated otherwise. What is the photon density inside the cavity?
- d. Find the resonance frequency (relaxation oscillation frequency) of the laser. (Hint: please note that the differential gain here is a function of the photon density. You should use the photon density you found in Part c.)
- e. What are the K factor and the damping coefficient of the laser at this bias point?
- f. Plot the frequency response of the laser, $|H(\omega)|^2$, in log-log plot.
- g. If we increase the bias and hence the output power, the resonance and the 3-dB frequency will continue to increase until the damping becomes dominant. What is the maximum 3-dB frequency of the laser? What is the resonance frequency at that bias point?
- h. What is the photon density at which the maximum 3-dB frequency is attained? What is the bias current?