

1. We want to add an inventory system to a text adventure game so that the player can collect items. First, we'll implement a *bag* data structure that holds *items* in a linked list. Each `item_t` has an associated `weight`, and each `bag_t` has a `max_weight` that determines its holding capacity (see the definitions below). In the left text area for `item_node_t`, define the necessary data type to serve as the nodes in a **linked list** of items, and in the right text area, add any necessary fields to the `bag_t` definition.

```
typedef struct item {
    int weight;
    // other fields not shown
} item_t;
```

```
typedef struct item_node {
    // (a) FILL IN HERE
} item_node_t;
```

```
typedef struct bag {
    int max_weight;
    int current_weight;
    // add other fields necessary
    // (b) FILL IN HERE
} bag_t;
```

c) Complete the `add_item()` function, which should add `item` into `bag` **only** if adding the item would not cause the weight of the bag contents to exceed the bag's `max_weight`. The function should return 0 if the item *could not* be added, or 1 if it succeeded. Be sure to update the bag's `current_weight`. You do not need to check if `malloc()` returns `NULL`. Insert the new item into the list wherever you wish.

```
int add_item(item_t *item, bag_t *bag) {
    if (
        _____ ) {
        return 0;
    }
    item_node_t *new_node =
    _____
    // Add more code below...

    return 1;
}
```

(d) Finally, we want an `empty_bag()` function that frees the bag's linked list but **NOT** the memory of the items themselves and **NOT** the bag itself. The bag should then be "reset", ready for `add_item`. Assume that the operating system immediately fills any freed memory with garbage. Fill in the functions below.

best-fit

first-fit

next-fit

Bonus: You have five jars of pills. All the pills in one jar only are "contaminated." The only way to tell which pills are contaminated is by weight. A regular pill weighs 10 grams; a contaminated pill is 9 grams. You are given a scale and allowed to make just one measurement with it. How do you tell which jar is contaminated?