

MIPS cheat sheet

Instruction	Syntax	Example
add	add dest, src0, src1	add \$s0, \$s1, \$s2
sub	sub dest, src0, src1	sub \$s0, \$s1, \$s2
addi	addi dest, src0, immediate	addi \$s0, \$s1, 12
lw	lw dest, offset(base addr)	lw \$t0, 4(\$s0)
sw	sw src, offset(base addr)	sw \$t0, 4(\$s0)
bne	bne src0, src1, branchAddr	bne \$t0, \$t1, notEq
beq	beq src0, src1, branchAddr	bne \$t0, \$t1, Eq
j	j jumpAddr	j jumpWhenDone

C	MIPS
<pre>// \$s0 -> a, \$s1 -> b // \$s2 -> c, \$s3 -> z int a=4, b=5, c=6, z; z = a+b+c+10;</pre>	
<pre>// \$s0 -> int *p = (int *)malloc // (3*sizeof(int)); // \$s1 -> a p[0] = 0; int a = 2; p[1] = a; p[a] = a;</pre>	
<pre>// \$s0 -> a, \$s1 -> b int a = 5, b = 10; if (a + a == b) { a = 0; } else { b = a - 1; }</pre>	
<pre>/*What does this do? (Not C, in English) */</pre>	<pre>addi \$s0, \$0, 0 addi \$s1, \$0, 1 addi \$t0, \$0, 30 loop: beq \$s0, \$t0, done add \$s1, \$s1, \$s1 addi \$s0, \$s0, 1 j loop done: # done!</pre>

Implement `streq`, which sets `$v0` to true if its two character pointer arguments (`$a0` and `$a1`) point to equal strings (and false otherwise), in MIPS (there is not enough room to do this on this sheet of paper; use another).

