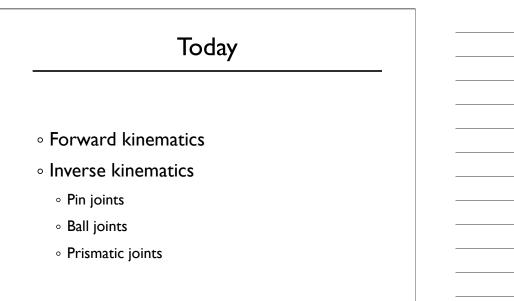
CS-184: Computer Graphics

Lecture #18: Forward and Inverse Kinematics

Prof. James O'Brien University of California, Berkeley

V2008-F-18-1.0

1

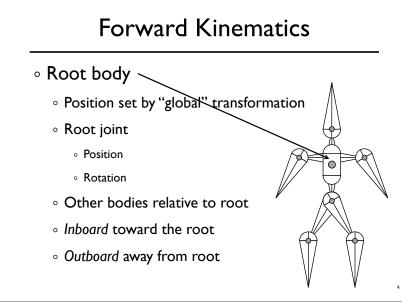


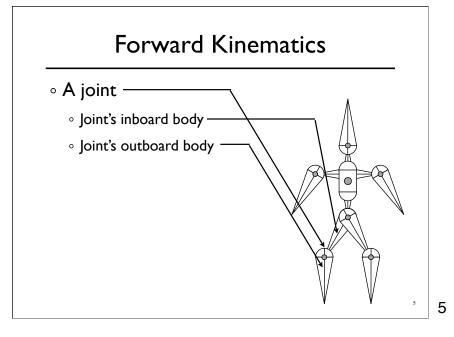
² 2

- Articulated skeleton
 - Topology (what's connected to what)
 - $\circ\,$ Geometric relations from joints
 - Independent of display geometry
 - Tree structure
 - Loop joints break "tree-ness"

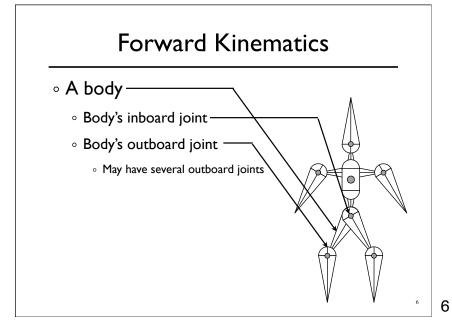


3

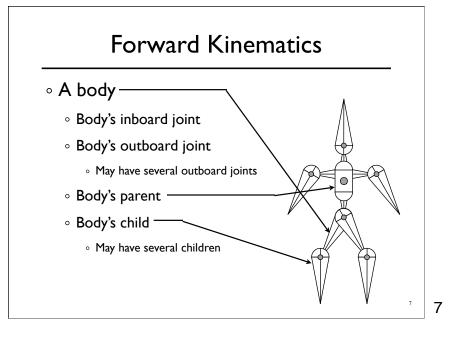








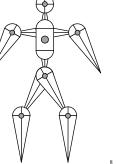






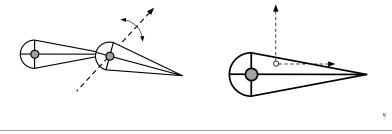
• Interior joints

- Typically not 6 DOF joints
- $\circ\,$ Pin rotate about one axis
- Ball arbitrary rotation
- Prism translation along one axis /



• Pin Joints

- Translate inboard joint to local origin
- Apply rotation about axis
- $\,\circ\,$ Translate origin to location of joint on outboard body



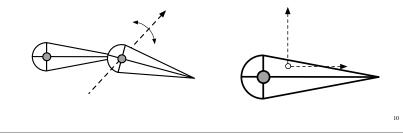


10

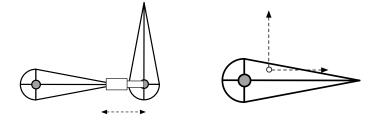
Forward Kinematics

• Ball Joints

- Translate inboard joint to local origin
- Apply rotation about *arbitrary* axis
- $\circ\,$ Translate origin to location of joint on outboard body



- Prismatic Joints
 - Translate inboard joint to local origin
 - Translate along axis
 - $\circ\,$ Translate origin to location of joint on outboard body

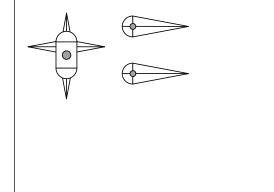




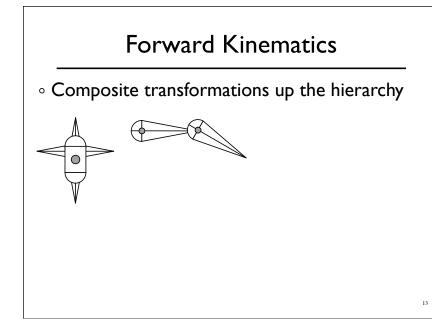
12

Forward Kinematics

• Composite transformations up the hierarchy





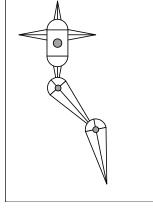




14

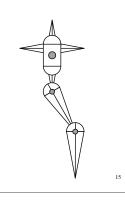


• Composite transformations up the hierarchy

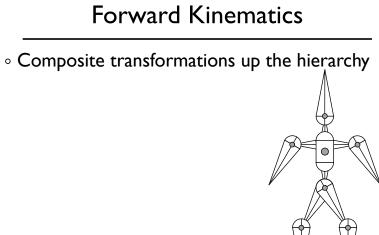




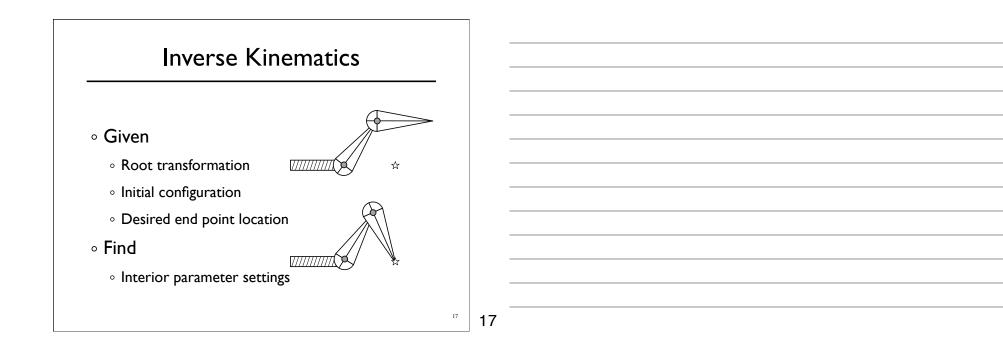
• Composite transformations up the hierarchy

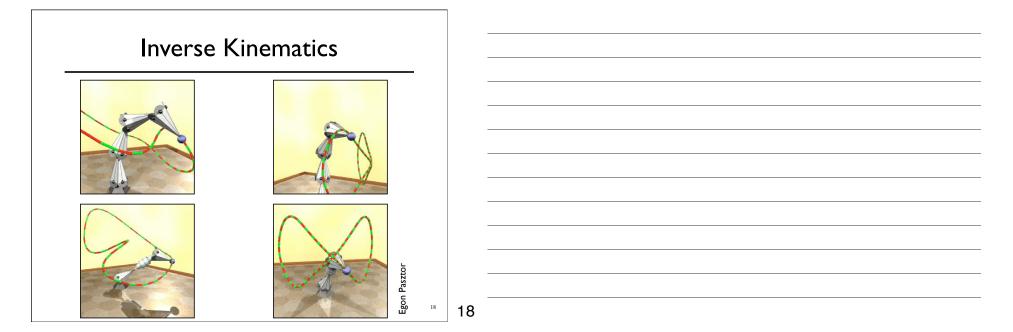


15

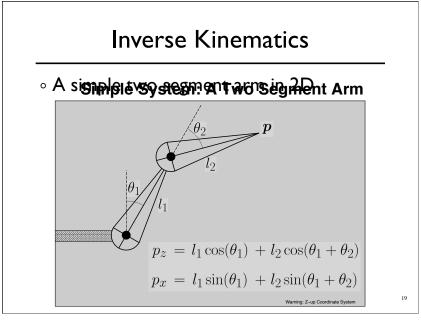




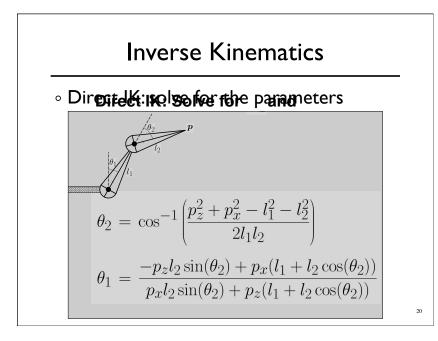




Wednesday, November 12, 2008



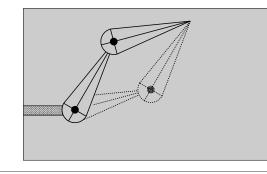




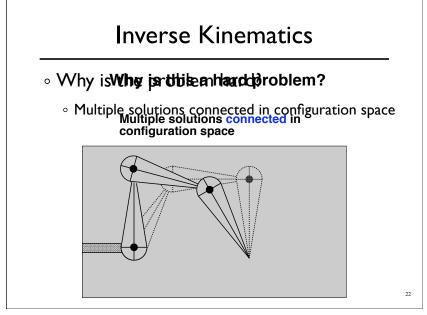


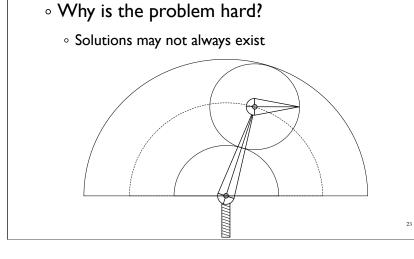
• Why is Why is this enhaded roblem?

 Multiple solutions separated in configuration space Multiple solutions separated in configuration space



²¹ **21**





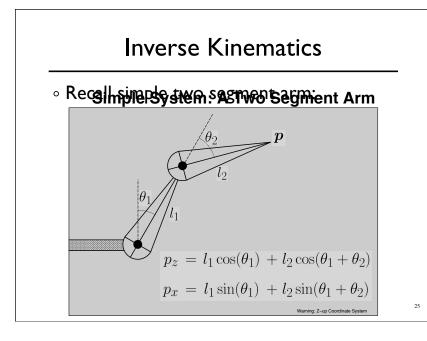
23		

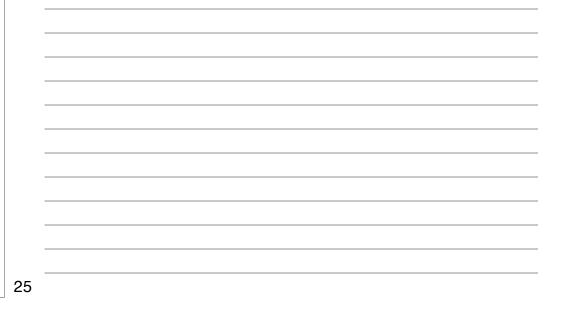
Inverse Kinematics

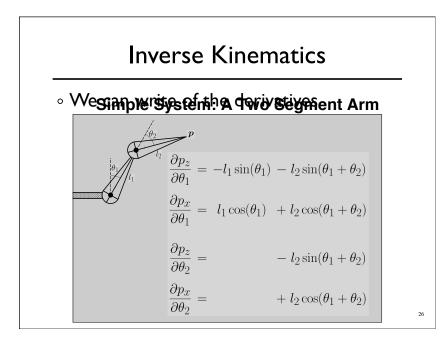
• Numerical Solution

- Start in some initial configuration
- Define an error metric (e.g. goal pos current pos)
- Compute Jacobian of error w.r.t. inputs
- Apply Newton's method (or other procedure)
- Iterate...

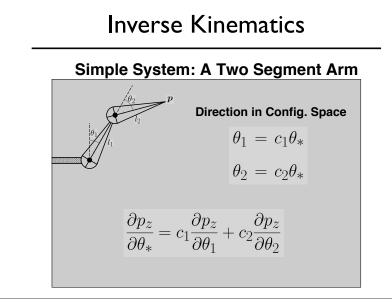
²⁴ 24



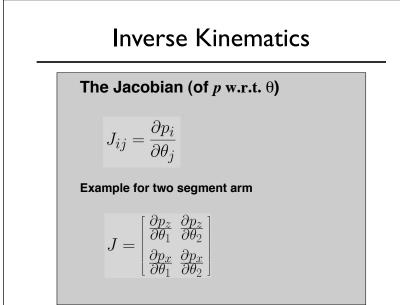




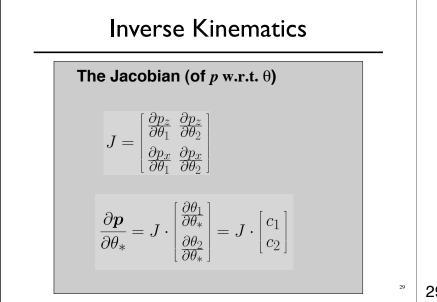




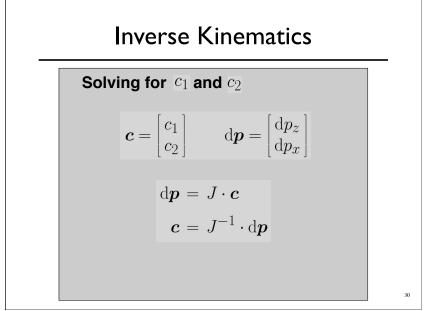




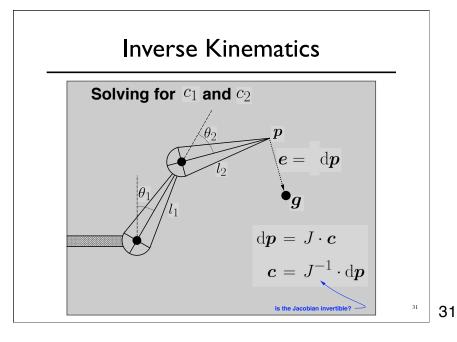
















Problems Problems...
 Jacobian may (will!) not always be invertible Jacobian may (will) not be invertible

- Use pseudo inverse (SVD)
 Option #1: Use pseudo inverse (SVD)
- · Robusto istrati #2methe flerative method
- Jacobian is not constant

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial p_z}{\partial \theta_1} & \frac{\partial p_z}{\partial \theta_2} \\ \frac{\partial p_x}{\partial \theta_1} & \frac{\partial p_x}{\partial \theta_2} \end{bmatrix} = J(\theta)$$

Non-linear optimization... • Nonlingat ស្រុកអ្នកទាំមុខអ្នកសូខេត្ត (ក្រសូស្វ្រ) well behaved 32

- More complex systems
 - More complex joints (prism and ball)
 - More links
 - Other criteria (COM or height)
 - Hard constraints (joint limits)
 - Multiple criteria and multiple chains

33

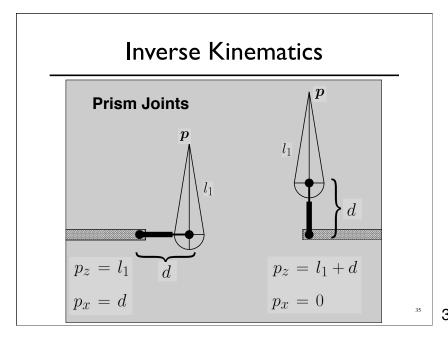
33



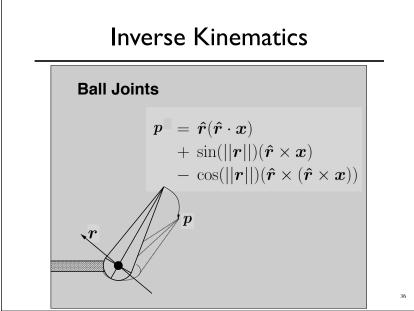
• Some issues

- How to pick from multiple solutions?
- Robustness when no solutions
- Contradictory solutions
- Smooth interpolation
 - Interpolation aware of constraints

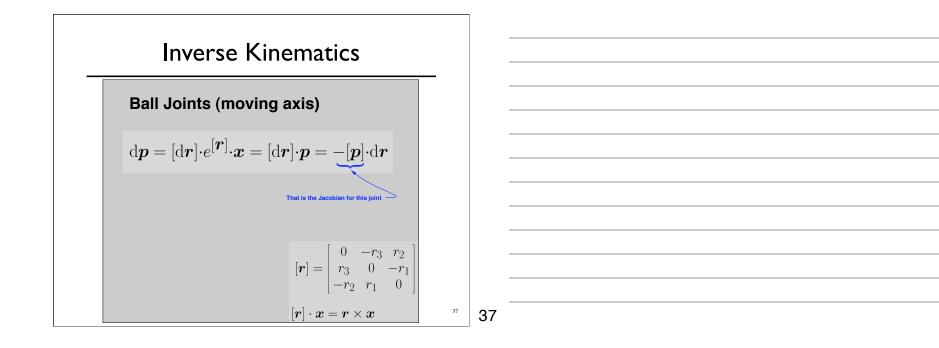
34

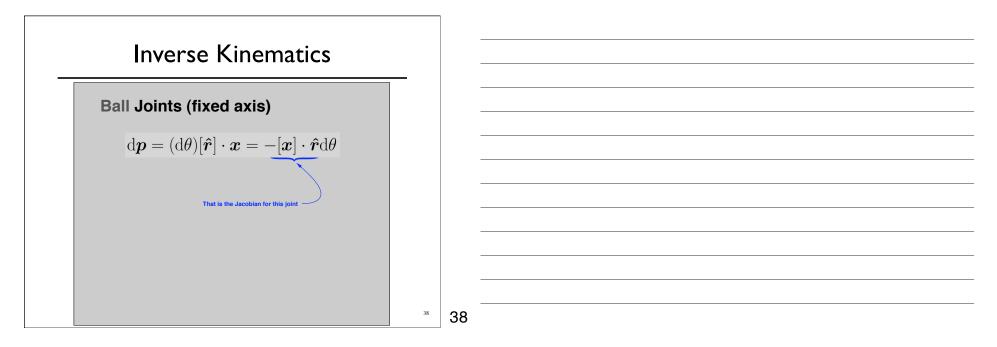






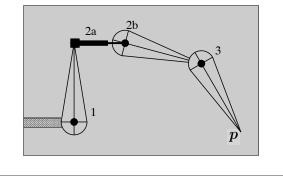




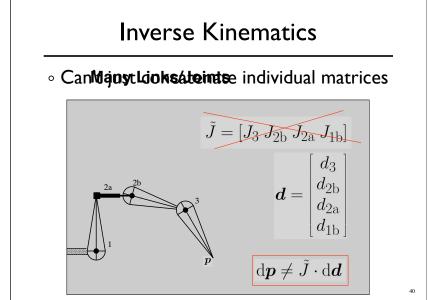


Wednesday, November 12, 2008

- Many links / joints Many Links/Joints
 - Need a generic method for building Jacobian
 We need a generic method of building Jacobian









Many Links/Joints

Transformation from body to world $X_{0 \leftarrow i} = \prod_{j=1}^{i} X_{(j-1)\leftarrow j} = X_{0\leftarrow 1} \cdot X_{1\leftarrow 2} \cdots$ Rotation from body to world $R_{0\leftarrow i} = \prod_{j=1}^{i} R_{(j-1)\leftarrow j} = R_{0\leftarrow 1} \cdot R_{1\leftarrow 2} \cdots$

41

